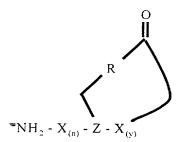
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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A cyclic peptide comprising the structure:



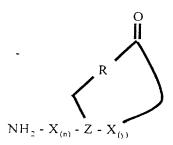
wherein X is selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, an amino acid analog, a peptidomimetic and a non-amide isostere. Z is selected from the group consisting of a synthetic amino acid and a biosynthetic amino acid, R is selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and carbon, n is 0 to 10 and y is 1 to 10.

- 2. A cyclic peptide comprising the amino acid sequence of NH₂-X_(n)-Z-X_(y)-COOH and a cyclic bond between the Z residue and COOH other than a thioester bond, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, an amino acid analog, a peptidomimetic and a non-amide isostere, Z is selected from the group consisting of a synthetic amino acid and a biosynthetic amino acid, n is 0 to 10 and y is 1 to 10.
- The cyclic peptide of claim 2, wherein Z has a side chain comprising oxygen,nitrogen or carbon.
 - 4. The cyclic peptide of claim 2, wherein the cyclic bond is a lactam or lactone bond.
 - 5. The cyclic peptide of claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the cyclic peptide is capable of inhibiting the *agr* response.

- 6. The cyclic peptide of claim 2, wherein the cyclic peptide is capable of inhibiting the *agr* response.
- 7. The cyclic peptide of claim 1, wherein y is 4.
- 8. The cyclic peptide of claim 2, wherein y is 4.
- 5 9. The cyclic peptide of claim 7, wherein the peptide has an amino acid sequence that comprises G-V-N-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:1), G-A-N-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:2), G-V-A-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:3), A-V-A-N-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:4), G-V-N-A-X-A-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:5), G-V-N-A-X-S-A-L-F (Seq.ID No.:6), G-V-N-A-X-S-S-A-F (Seq.ID No.:7) or X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No. 8).
- The cyclic peptide of claim 8, wherein the peptide has an amino acid sequence that comprises G-V-N-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:1), G-A-N-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:2), G-V-A-A-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:3), A-V-A-N-X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:4), G-V-N-A-X-A-S-L-F (Seq.ID No.:5), G-V-N-A-X-S-A-L-F (Seq.ID No.:6), G-V-N-A-X-S-S-A-F (Seq.ID No.:7) or X-S-S-L-F (Seq.ID No. 8).
 - 11. A composition comprising the peptide of claim 1 and a carrier.
 - 12. A composition comprising the peptide of claim 2 and a carrier.
- 13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide of claim 2 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 15. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 13, wherein the carrier is selected from the group consisting of a diluent, an aerosol, a topical carrier, an aqueous solution, a nonaqueous solution, and a solid carrier.
- 16. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 14, wherein the carrier is selected

 from the group consisting of a diluent, an aerosol, a topical carrier, an aqueous solution, a nonaqueous solution, and a solid carrier.
 - 17. A method for treating *S. aureus* infection in a subject comprising administering to the subject an amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 15 effective to treat the infection.
- 10 18. A method for treating *S. aureus* infection in a subject comprising administering to the subject an amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 16 effective to treat the infection.
 - 19. A method for the preparation of a cyclic peptide comprising the structure:



wherein X is selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, an amino acid analog, a peptidomimetic and a non-amide isostere. Z is selected from the group consisting of a synthetic amino acid and a biosynthetic amino acid. R is selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and carbon, n is 0 to 10 and y is 1 to 10, said method comprising:

A. assembling the linear constituents of the peptide under preparation on

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- a PEGA resin support to form a protected and bound peptide chain;
- B. treating the peptide chain of Step A to cause deprotection thereof;
- C. treating the deprotected peptide of Step B with buffer at a neutral pH for a period of time sufficient to cleave said peptide from said solid phase support and to form said cyclic peptide; and
- D. recovering said cyclic peptide.
- 20. A method for the preparation of a cyclic peptide in accordance with Claim 1, which comprises:
 - A. assembling the linear peptide chain corresponding in composition to said cyclic peptide on to a solid phase resin support containing 3-mercapto-propionamide-polyethylene glycol-poly-(N₁N₄-dimethacrylamide)(HS-PEGA) to form a protected assembled peptide;
 - B. treating the protected assembled peptide of Step A to deprotect said assembled peptide;
 - C. treating the deprotected peptide of Step B with aqueous buffer at a pH of about 7.0 for a period of time sufficient to form said cyclic peptide and to cleave said peptide from said solid phase resin support; and
 - D. recovering said cyclic peptide.
- The method of Claim 19, wherein said solid phase resin support comprises
 BOC AA- (linear assembled peptide)-PEGA.
 - 22. The method of Claim 19, wherein the treatment of Step B is performed with HF for about 1 hour.
 - 23. The method of Claim 19, wherein the treatment of Step C is performed with a buffer comprising Na₂PO₄ and acetonitride.
- 25 24. The method of Claim 22, wherein the treatment of Step C is performed for about 12 hours.